

CONFIDENTIAL
INFORMATION REPORT

CD NO.

DATE DISTR. 26 JUL 50

NO. OF PAGES 2

NO. OF ENCLS.
(LISTED BELOW)SUPPLEMENT TO
REPORT NO.

COUNTRY Poland

SUBJECT Unpublished Aims of the
Polish Six Year Plan

NOT TO CIA LIBRARY

THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE
OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE ESPIONAGE ACT OF
U.S.C. 31 AND 32, AS AMENDED. ITS TRANSMISSION OR THE REVELATION
OF ITS CONTENTS IN ANY MANNER TO AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PRO-
HIBITED BY LAW. DESTRUCTION OF THIS FORM IS PROHIBITED.

1. On 25 November 1949 the Polish National Economic Planning Committee (PKPG) published the details of its new Six Year Plan to become effective on 1 January 1950. The following are some of the unpublished aims of the Plan:
 - a. Steel production in 1949 totaled 1.8 million tons. The production goal for 1951 is 2.6 million tons. In 1952 a new steel plant, now under construction in Krakow, will start producing. In 1953 a steel plant under construction in Sandomierz (R51/Q51) will be completed. By the end of the Six Year Plan in 1955, steel production is expected to be 4.2 million tons per year.
 - b. Coal production in 1949 was 72 million tons. By the end of the Six Year Plan annual production is expected to reach 102 million tons.
 - c. By the end of the Six Year Plan Poland plans to have 2,300,000 cows, 1,900,000 horses, 45,000 agricultural tractors and an annual harvest 100 percent above the present total. Potato production will be increased by 50 percent by planting 2,500,000 hectares of land with an estimated yield of 14 tons per hectare. In 1949, 2,400,000 hectares of land were used for potatoes with a yield of 8 tons per hectare. By 1955 sugar beet production will be increased by 30 percent.
 - d. Alcohol production from potatoes planned by the PKPG for 1949 was originally set at 60 million liters. In July 1949 this figure was lowered to 40 million liters. Actual production amounted to 37 million liters distilled from potatoes plus 35 million liters distilled from a by-product of sugar beets, a total production of 72 million liters for 1949. Annual production from the sugar beet by-product is planned to reach 45 million liters. The production schedule for alcohol distilled from potatoes is as follows:

1950-51	69 million liters
1951-52	75 " "
1952-53	86 " "
1953-54	125 " "
1954-55	206 " "

- e. The synthetic gasoline plant which Poland was to receive as a reparations payment from Germany is now being assembled at Dworki. The plant, originally

CLASSIFICATION SECRET/CONTROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

STATE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NAVY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NSRD															
ARMY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	AIR		FBI															

Document No. 7

No Change in Class. ☐

☐ Declassified

Class. Changed To: TS S C

Auth: HR 70-2

DATE: 2-25-82

~~SECRET~~ **CONFIDENTIAL**
~~CONTROL~~ - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

25X1

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

-2-

assigned to Poland after Germany's defeat, was removed instead to the USSR, which is now returning it to Poland as payment for Polish coal. Production at Dworki is scheduled to start in 1953, and by 1955 plant production is expected to cover 20 percent of Poland's gasoline consumption.

- f. As of November the Polish national railroad factory in Wroclaw had manufactured in 1949 600 railroad cars, each with a load capacity of 23 tons 700 kg. The factory's production goal for 1955 is 721 cars per month.
2. The Six Year Plan is formulated on the assumption that the following materials will be imported from the USSR: cotton, iron ore, wheat, barley, airplane fuel, motorcycles for commercial use, agricultural tractors, aluminum, and machinery for the two steel plants mentioned in para. 1a above.

~~SECRET~~ **CONFIDENTIAL**
~~CONTROL~~ - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY